Roberta Settambolo, Giuditta Guazzelli, Lucia Mengali, Alessandro Mandoli and Raffaello Lazzaroni*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2491*

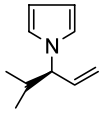
$[\alpha]_D^{26} = -62.5$ (*c* 0.52, MeOH)
Source of chirality: D-alanine, starting substrate
Absolute configuration: (3*R*)

$C_8H_{11}N$
(3*R*)-(−)-3-(Pyrrol-1-yl)but-1-ene

Roberta Settambolo, Giuditta Guazzelli, Lucia Mengali, Alessandro Mandoli and Raffaello Lazzaroni*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2491*

$[\alpha]_D^{26} = -88.9$ (*c* 1.5, MeOH)
Source of chirality: D-valine, starting substrate
Absolute configuration: (3*R*)

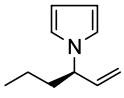


$C_{10}H_{15}N$
(3*R*)-(−)-4-Methyl-3-(pyrrol-1-yl)pent-1-ene

Roberta Settambolo, Giuditta Guazzelli, Lucia Mengali, Alessandro Mandoli and Raffaello Lazzaroni*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2491*

$[\alpha]_D^{26} = -58.5$ (*c* 1.1, MeOH)
Source of chirality: D-norvaline, starting substrate
Absolute configuration: (3*R*)

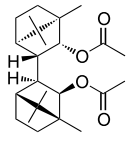


$C_{10}H_{15}N$
(3*R*)-(−)-3-(Pyrrol-1-yl)hex-1-ene

Naoki Kise,* Azumi Fujimoto, Noriaki Moriyama and Nasuo Ueda

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2495*

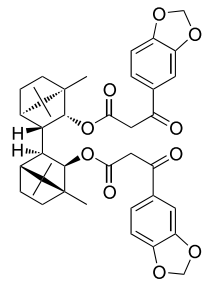
E.e. >99%
$[\alpha]_D^{20} = +94.1$ (*c* 1.07, $CHCl_3$)
Source of chirality: (1*R*)-camphor
Absolute configuration: 1*R*,1′*R*,2*R*,2′*R*,3*S*,3′*S*,4*R*,4′*R*



$C_{24}H_{38}O_4$
(1*R*,1′*R*,2*R*,2′*R*,3*S*,3′*S*,4*R*,4′*R*)-3,3′-bi(2-acetoxy-1,7,7-trimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptanone)

Naoki Kise,* Azumi Fujimoto, Noriaki Moriyama and Nasuo Ueda

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2495*



E.e. >99%

$[\alpha]_D^{25}$ = +25.5 (*c* 1.21, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: (1*R*)-camphor

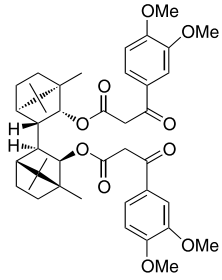
Absolute configuration: 1*R*,1′*R*,2*R*,2′*R*,3*S*,3′*S*,4*R*,4′*R*

$C_{40}H_{46}O_{10}$

(1*R*,1′*R*,2*R*,2′*R*,3*S*,3′*S*,4*R*,4′*R*)-3,3′-Bi(2-(3-(2*H*-benzo[*d*]1,3-dioxolan-5-yl)-3-oxopropanoyloxy)-1,7,7-trimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptanone)

Naoki Kise,* Azumi Fujimoto, Noriaki Moriyama and Nasuo Ueda

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2495*



E.e. >99%

$[\alpha]_D^{25}$ = +28.0 (*c* 1.33, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: (1*R*)-camphor

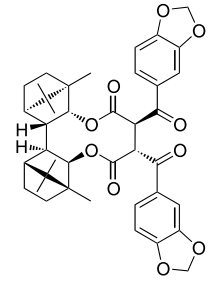
Absolute configuration: 1*R*,1′*R*,2*R*,2′*R*,3*S*,3′*S*,4*R*,4′*R*

$C_{42}H_{54}O_{10}$

(1*R*,1′*R*,2*R*,2′*R*,3*S*,3′*S*,4*R*,4′*R*)-3,3′-Bi-(2-(3-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-3-oxopropanoyloxy)-1,7,7-trimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptanone)

Naoki Kise,* Azumi Fujimoto, Noriaki Moriyama and Nasuo Ueda

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2495*



E.e. >99%

$[\alpha]_D^{25}$ = +25.5 (*c* 1.21, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: (1*R*)-camphor

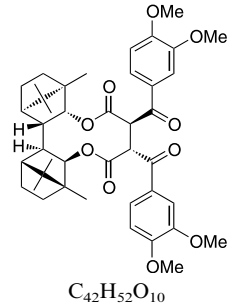
Absolute configuration:
1*R*,2*S*,3*S*,4*R*,7*R*,8*R*,11*R*,12*R*,15*R*,16*R*

$C_{40}H_{44}O_{10}$

(2S,3*S*,1*R*,4*R*,7*R*,8*R*,11*R*,12*R*,15*R*,16*R*)-11,12-(bis-2*H*-benzo[*d*]1,3-dioxolen-5-ylcarbonyl)-
7,16,19,19,20,20-hexamethyl-9,14-dioxapentacyclo[14.2.1.1<4,7>.0<2,15>.0<3,8>]icosane-10,13-dione

Naoki Kise,* Azumi Fujimoto, Noriaki Moriyama and Nasuo Ueda

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2495*



E.e. >99%

$[\alpha]_D^{25}$ = +28.0 (*c* 1.33, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: (1*R*)-camphor

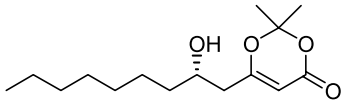
Absolute configuration:
1*R*,2*S*,3*S*,4*R*,7*R*,8*R*,11*R*,12*R*,15*R*,16*R*

$C_{42}H_{52}O_{10}$

(2S,3*S*,1*R*,4*R*,7*R*,8*R*,11*R*,12*R*,15*R*,16*R*)-11,12-Bis[(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)carbonyl]-
7,16,19,19,20,20-hexamethyl-9,14-dioxapentacyclo[14.2.1.1<4,7>.0<2,15>.0<3,8>]icosane-10,13-dione

Margherita De Rosa, Maria Rosaria Acocella, Rosaria Villano, Annunziata Soriente and Arrigo Scettri*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2499*



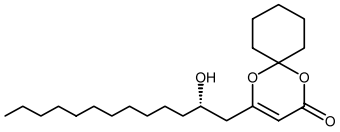
$C_{15}H_{26}O_4$

6-(2-Hydroxy-nonyl)-2,2-dimethyl-[1,3]dioxin-4-one

E.e. = 85% (HPLC, Chiralpak AD)
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +13.5$ (*c* 1.0, $CHCl_3$)
Source of chirality: asymmetric synthesis
Absolute configuration: 2*S*

Margherita De Rosa, Maria Rosaria Acocella, Rosaria Villano, Annunziata Soriente and Arrigo Scettri*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2499*



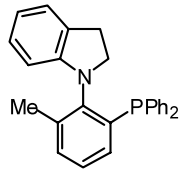
$C_{22}H_{38}O_4$

4-((2*S*)-2-Hydroxy-tridecyl)-1,5-dioxa-spiro[5,5]undec-3-en-2-one

E.e. >99% (HPLC, Chiralpak AD)
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +14.2$ (*c* 1.0, $CHCl_3$)
Source of chirality: asymmetric synthesis
Absolute configuration: 2*S*

Takashi Mino,* Youichi Tanaka, Toshihiro Yabusaki, Daisuke Okumura, Masami Sakamoto and Tsutomu Fujita

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2503*



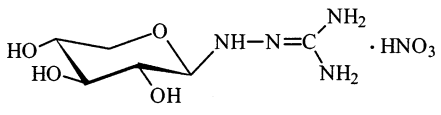
$C_{27}H_{24}NP$

(−)-1-[2′-(Diphenylphospino)-6′-methylphenyl]-2,3-dihydro-1*H*-indole

E.e. = 99% [by HPLC on Chiralcel OJ]
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -19.2$ (*c* 0.27, $CHCl_3$)
Source of chirality: HPLC resolution

Jianxin Yu,* Zhongjun Li, Wenjie Lu, Suna Zhang and Mengshen Cai

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2507*



$C_6H_{15}N_5O_7$

β-D-Xylopyranosyl aminoguanidine nitrate

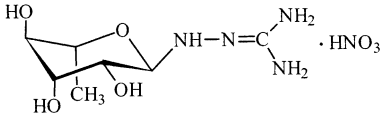
$[\alpha]_D^{22} = -8.0$ (*c* 1.1, H_2O)
Source of chirality: D-xylose

Jianxin Yu,* Zhongjun Li, Wenjie Lu, Suna Zhang and Mengshen Cai

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2507*

$[\alpha]_D^{22} = +6.0$ (c 1.1, H_2O)

Source of chirality: L-rhamnose



$C_7H_{17}N_5O_7$

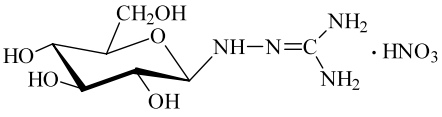
α-L-Rhamnopyranosyl aminoguanidine nitrate

Jianxin Yu,* Zhongjun Li, Wenjie Lu, Suna Zhang and Mengshen Cai

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2507*

$[\alpha]_D^{22} = -13.0$ (c 1.1, H_2O)

Source of chirality: D-glucose



$C_7H_{17}N_5O_8$

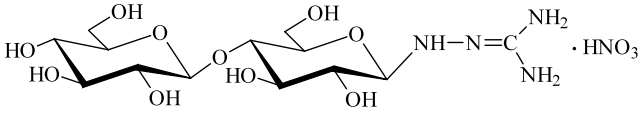
β-D-Glucopyranosyl aminoguanidine nitrate

Jianxin Yu,* Zhongjun Li, Wenjie Lu, Suna Zhang and Mengshen Cai

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2507*

$[\alpha]_D^{22} = -24.0$ (c 1.1, H_2O)

Source of chirality: D-cellobiose



$C_{13}H_{27}N_5O_{13}$

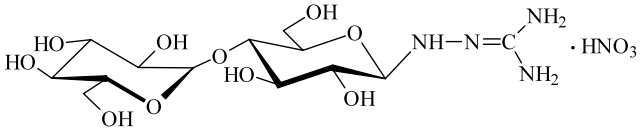
β-D-Cellobiosyl aminoguanidine nitrate

Jianxin Yu,* Zhongjun Li, Wenjie Lu, Suna Zhang and Mengshen Cai

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2507*

$[\alpha]_D^{22} = -19.0$ (c 1.1, H_2O)

Source of chirality: D-lactose



$C_{13}H_{27}N_5O_{13}$

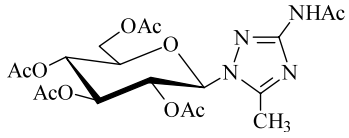
β-D-Lactosyl aminoguanidine nitrate

Jianxin Yu,* Zhongjun Li, Wenjie Lu, Suna Zhang and Mengshen Cai

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2507*

$[\alpha]_D^{22} = -13.0$ (*c* 1.0, CH_2Cl_2)

Source of chirality: D-glucose



$C_{19}H_{24}N_4O_9$

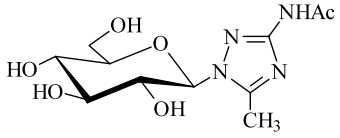
1-(2′,3′,4′,6′-Tetra-*O*-acetyl-β-D-glucopyranosyl)-3-acetamido-5-methyl-1*H*-1,2,4-triazole

Jianxin Yu,* Zhongjun Li, Wenjie Lu, Suna Zhang and Mengshen Cai

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2507*

$[\alpha]_D^{22} = -10.0$ (*c* 1.0, H_2O)

Source of chirality: D-glucose



$C_{11}H_{18}N_4O_6$

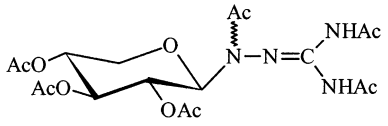
1-(β-D-Glucopyranosyl)-3-acetamido-5-methyl-1*H*-1,2,4-triazole

Jianxin Yu,* Zhongjun Li, Wenjie Lu, Suna Zhang and Mengshen Cai

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2507*

$[\alpha]_D^{22} = -9.0$ (*c* 1.0, CH_2Cl_2)

Source of chirality: D-xylose



$C_{18}H_{26}N_4O_{10}$

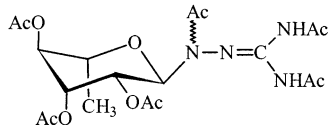
N^1-(2′,3′,4′-Tri-*O*-acetyl-β-D-xylopyranosylamino)-N^1,N^2,N^3-triacetylguanidine

Jianxin Yu,* Zhongjun Li, Wenjie Lu, Suna Zhang and Mengshen Cai

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2507*

$[\alpha]_D^{22} = +19.0$ (*c* 1.0, CH_2Cl_2)

Source of chirality: L-rhamnose



$C_{19}H_{28}N_4O_{10}$

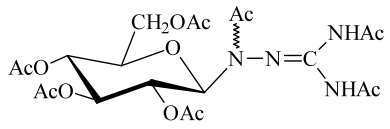
N^1-(2′,3′,4′-Tri-*O*-acetyl-α-L-rhamnopyranosylamino)-N^1,N^2,N^3-triacetylguanidine

Jianxin Yu,* Zhongjun Li, Wenjie Lu, Suna Zhang and Mengshen Cai

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2507*

$[\alpha]_D^{22} = -2.0$ (c 1.0, CH_2Cl_2)

Source of chirality: D-glucose



$C_{21}H_{30}N_4O_{12}$

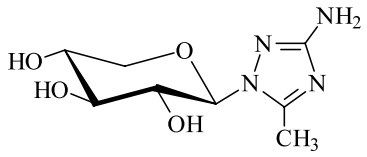
N^1-2′,3′,4′,6′-Tetra-*O*-acetyl-β-D-glucopyranosylamino)-N^1,N^2,N^3-triacetylguanidine

Jianxin Yu,* Zhongjun Li, Wenjie Lu, Suna Zhang and Mengshen Cai

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2507*

$[\alpha]_D^{22} = -8.0$ (c 1.0, H_2O)

Source of chirality: D-xylose



$C_8H_{16}N_4O_5$

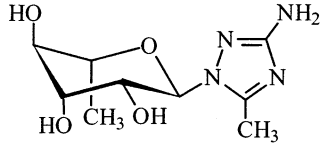
1-(β-D-Xylopyranosylamino)-5-methyl-1*H*-1,2,4-triazole

Jianxin Yu,* Zhongjun Li, Wenjie Lu, Suna Zhang and Mengshen Cai

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2507*

$[\alpha]_D^{22} = -9.0$ (c 1.0, H_2O)

Source of chirality: L-rhamnose



$C_9H_{18}N_4O_5$

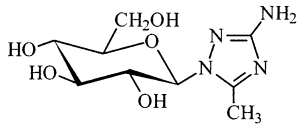
1-(α-L-Rhamnopyranosylamino)-5-methyl-1*H*-1,2,4-triazole

Jianxin Yu,* Zhongjun Li, Wenjie Lu, Suna Zhang and Mengshen Cai

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2507*

$[\alpha]_D^{22} = -14.0$ (c 1.0, H_2O)

Source of chirality: D-glucose

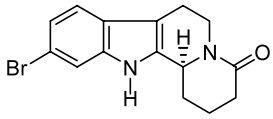


$C_9H_{18}N_4O_6$

1-(β-D-Glucopyranosylamino)-5-methyl-1*H*-1,2,4-triazole

Leonardo Silva Santos, Sergio Antonio Fernandes, Ronaldo Aloise Pilli* and Anita Jocelyne Marsaioli*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2515*



$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -0.72$ (c 0.9, $CHCl_3$)
Chiral induction: calix[6]arene/(*R*)-PEA
Absolute configuration: (*S*)

$C_{15}H_{15}N_2OBr$
(12b*S*)-10-Bromo-1,2,3,4,6,7,12,12b-octahydropyrido[2,1-*a*]β-carbolin-4-one

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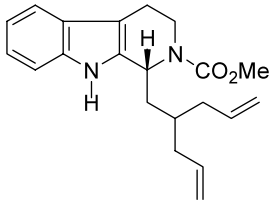
Leonardo Silva Santos, Sergio Antonio Fernandes, Ronaldo Aloise Pilli* and Anita Jocelyne Marsaioli*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2515*



$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -0.23$ (c 0.5, $CHCl_3$)
Chiral induction: calix[6]arene/(*R*)-PEA
Absolute configuration: (*R*)

$C_{21}H_{26}N_2O_2$
Methyl (1*R*)-1-(2-allyl-4-pentenyl)-2,3,4,9-tetrahydro-1*H*-β-carboline-2-carboxylate

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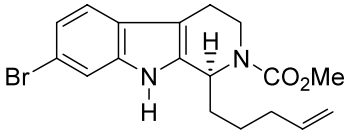
Leonardo Silva Santos, Sergio Antonio Fernandes, Ronaldo Aloise Pilli* and Anita Jocelyne Marsaioli*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2515*



$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +23.5$ (c 0.6, $CHCl_3$)
Chiral induction: calix[6]arene/(*R*)-PEA
Absolute configuration: (*S*)

$C_{18}H_{21}N_2O_2Br$
Methyl (1*S*)-7-bromo-1-(3-butenyl)-2,3,4,9-tetrahydro-1*H*-β-carboline-2-carboxylate

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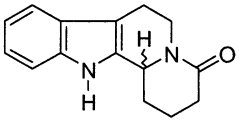
Leonardo Silva Santos, Sergio Antonio Fernandes, Ronaldo Aloise Pilli* and Anita Jocelyne Marsaioli*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2515*

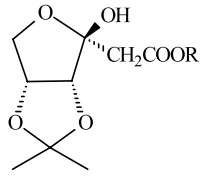


$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -0.33$ (c 0.5, $CHCl_3$)
Chiral induction: calix[6]arene/(*R*)-PEA

$C_{15}H_{16}N_2O$
1,2,3,4,6,7,12,12b-Octahydropyrido[2,1-*a*]β-carbolin-4-one

Fulvia Orsini* and Emanuela Di Teodoro

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2521*



$C_{10}H_{16}O_6$

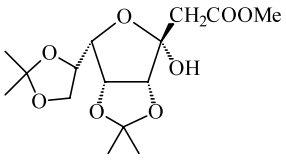
Methyl 2-deoxy-4,5-*O*-isopropylidene-β-D-erythro-3,6-furanoso-3-hexulosonate

R = Me: $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -45.7$ (*c* 10.46 mg/mL, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: 2,3-*O*-isopropylidene-D-erythrono-lactone

Fulvia Orsini* and Emanuela Di Teodoro

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2521*



$C_{15}H_{24}O_8$

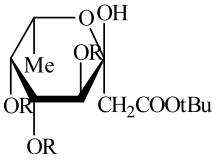
Methyl 2-deoxy-4,5:7,8-di-*O*-isopropylidene-α-D-gulo-3,6-furanoso-3-octulosonate

$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -11.6$ (*c* 4.2 mg/mL, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: 2,3:5,6-di-*O*-isopropylidene-D-gulonolactone

Fulvia Orsini* and Emanuela Di Teodoro

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2521*



$C_{33}H_{40}O_7$

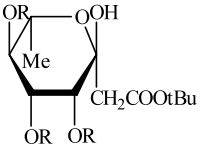
tert-Butyl 2-deoxy-4,5,6-tri-*O*-benzyl-α-L-fuco-3,7-pyranoso-3-octulosonate

$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +4.53$ (*c* 10.5 mg/mL, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: 2,3,5-tri-*O*-benzyl-L-fucono-1,5-lactone

Fulvia Orsini* and Emanuela Di Teodoro

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2521*



$C_{33}H_{40}O_7$

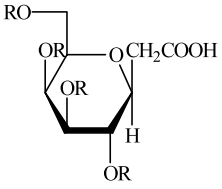
tert-Butyl 2-deoxy-4,5,6-tri-*O*-benzyl-α-L-rhamno-3,7-pyranoso-3-octulosonate

$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -5.7$ (*c* 12.75 mg/mL, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: tri-*O*-benzyl-L-rhamnono-1,5-lactone

Fulvia Orsini* and Emanuela Di Teodoro

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2521*



$C_{36}H_{38}O_7$

2-(2,3,4,6-Tetra-*O*-benzyl-β-D-galactopyranosyl) acetic acid

$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +20.5$ (*c* 11.3 mg/mL, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: tetra-*O*-benzyl-D-galactono-1,5-lactone

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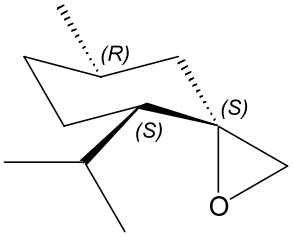
Josep Duran, Daniel Oliver, Alfonso Polo,* Julio Real, Jordi Benet-Buchholz and Xavier Fontrodona

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2529*



$C_{11}H_{20}O$

(1*S*,4*S*,7*R*)-4-Isopropyl-7-methyl-1-oxa-spiro[2.5]octane

E.e. 100%

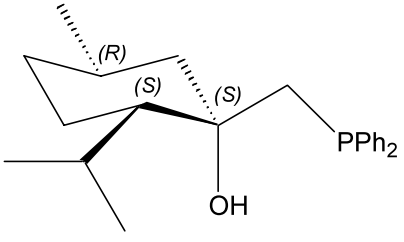
$[\alpha]_D^{20} = +7.7$ (*c* 0.015, CH_2Cl_2)

Source of chirality: stereoselective epoxidation of commercial (−)-menthone

Absolute configuration: 1*S*,4*S*,7*R*

Josep Duran, Daniel Oliver, Alfonso Polo,* Julio Real, Jordi Benet-Buchholz and Xavier Fontrodona

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2529*



$C_{23}H_{31}OP$

(1*S*,2*S*,5*R*)-1-Diphenylphosphinomethyl-2-isopropyl-5-methyl-cyclohexanol

E.e. = 100%

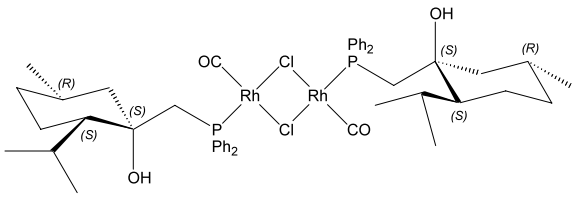
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -7.8$ (*c* 0.012, CH_2Cl_2)

Source of chirality: regioselective ring opening of (1*S*,4*S*,7*R*)-4-isopropyl-7-methyl-1-oxa-spiro[2.5]octane

Absolute configuration: 1*S*,2*S*,5*R*

Josep Duran, Daniel Oliver, Alfonso Polo,* Julio Real, Jordi Benet-Buchholz and Xavier Fontrodona

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2529*



$C_{48}H_{62}Cl_2O_4P_2Rh_2$

trans-P,P-Bis-{μ-chlorocarbonyl[(1S,2*S*,5*R*)-1-diphenylphosphinomethyl-2-isopropyl-5-methyl-cyclohexanol-*P*]rhodium(I)}

E.e. = 100%

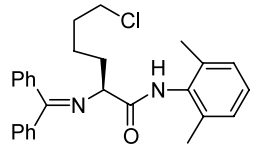
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -50.9$ (*c* 0.011, CH_2Cl_2)

Source of chirality: (1*S*,2*S*,5*R*)-1-diphenylphosphinomethyl-2-isopropyl-5-methylcyclohexanol

Absolute configuration: 1*S*,2*S*,5*R*,1′*S*,2′*S*,5′*R*

Sanjeev Kumar and Uma Ramachandran*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2539*



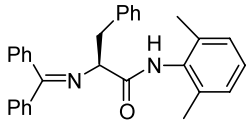
$C_{27}H_{29}ClN_2O$

6-Chloro-N^1-(2,6-dimethylphenyl)-N^2-(diphenylmethylene)-L-norleucinamide

E.e. = 20% (by HPLC on Chiralcel OD-H column)
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -5.8$ (c 0.5, CH_2Cl_2)
Source of chirality: asymmetric synthesis
Absolute configuration: (*S*)

Sanjeev Kumar and Uma Ramachandran*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2539*



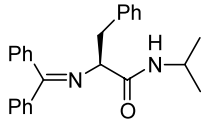
$C_{30}H_{28}N_2O$

N-(2,6-Dimethylphenyl)-*N*-(diphenylmethylene)-L-phenylalaninamide

E.e. = 16% (by HPLC on Chiralcel OD-H column)
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -4.3$ (c 1, CH_2Cl_2)
Source of chirality: asymmetric synthesis
Absolute configuration: (*S*)

Sanjeev Kumar and Uma Ramachandran*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2539*



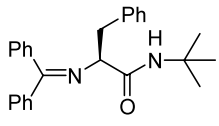
$C_{25}H_{26}N_2O$

N-Isopropyl-*N*-(diphenylmethylene)-L-phenylalaninamide

E.e. = 42% (by HPLC on Chiralcel OD-H column)
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -41.4$ (c 1, CH_2Cl_2)
Source of chirality: asymmetric synthesis
Absolute configuration: (*S*)

Sanjeev Kumar and Uma Ramachandran*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2539*



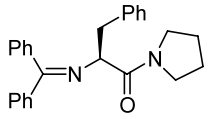
$C_{26}H_{28}N_2O$

N-(*tert*-Butyl)-*N*-(diphenylmethylene)-L-phenylalaninamide

E.e. = 53% (by HPLC on Chiralcel OD-H column)
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -7.8$ (c 1, CH_2Cl_2)
Source of chirality: asymmetric synthesis
Absolute configuration: (*S*)

Sanjeev Kumar and Uma Ramachandran*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2539*



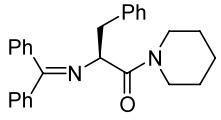
$C_{26}H_{26}N_2O$

(2*S*)-*N*-(Diphenylmethylene)-1-oxo-3-phenyl-1-pyrrolidin-1-ylpropan-2-amine

E.e. = 67% (by HPLC on Chiralcel OD-H column)
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -55.9$ (*c* 1, CH_2Cl_2)
Source of chirality: asymmetric synthesis
Absolute configuration: (*S*)

Sanjeev Kumar and Uma Ramachandran*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2539*



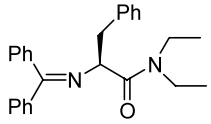
$C_{27}H_{28}N_2O$

(2*S*)-*N*-(Diphenylmethylene)-1-oxo-3-phenyl-1-piperidin-1-ylpropan-2-amine

E.e. = 66% (by HPLC on Chiralcel OD-H column)
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -48.7$ (*c* 1, CH_2Cl_2)
Source of chirality: asymmetric synthesis
Absolute configuration: (*S*)

Sanjeev Kumar and Uma Ramachandran*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2539*



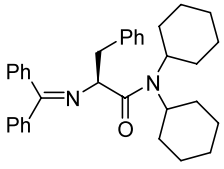
$C_{26}H_{28}N_2O$

N,*N*-Diethyl-*N*-(diphenylmethylene)-L-phenylalaninamide

E.e. = 80% (by HPLC on Chiralcel OD-H column)
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -51.8$ (*c* 1, CH_2Cl_2)
Source of chirality: asymmetric synthesis
Absolute configuration: (*S*)

Sanjeev Kumar and Uma Ramachandran*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2539*



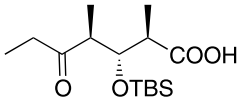
$C_{34}H_{40}N_2O$

N,*N*-Dicyclohexyl-*N*-(diphenylmethylene)-L-phenylalaninamide

E.e. = 75% (by HPLC on Chiralcel OD-H column)
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -25.2$ (*c* 0.5, MeOH)
Source of chirality: asymmetric synthesis
Absolute configuration: (*S*)

Robert Chênevert,* Gabriel Courchesne and Dave Caron

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2567*



$C_{15}H_{30}O_4Si$

(2*R*,3*R*,4*S*)-3-(*tert*-Butyldimethylsiloxy)-2,4-dimethyl-5-oxoheptanoic acid

Ee = 97%

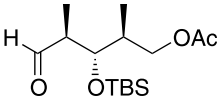
$[\alpha]_D^{22} = +20.4$ (*c* 2.45, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: enzymatic desymmetrization

Absolute configuration: 2*R*,3*R*,4*S*

Robert Chênevert,* Gabriel Courchesne and Dave Caron

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2567*



$C_{15}H_{30}O_4Si$

(2*S*,3*S*,4*S*)-5-Acetoxy-3-(*tert*-butyldimethylsiloxy)-2,4-dimethyl-1-pentanal

Ee = 97%

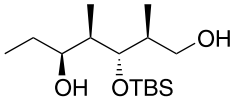
$[\alpha]_D^{22} = +17.5$ (*c* 1.85, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: enzymatic desymmetrization

Absolute configuration: 2*S*,3*S*,4*S*

Robert Chênevert,* Gabriel Courchesne and Dave Caron

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2567*



$C_{15}H_{34}O_3Si$

(2*S*,3*S*,4*R*,5*S*)-3-(*tert*-Butyldimethylsiloxy)-2,4-dimethyl-1,5-heptanediol

Ee = 97%

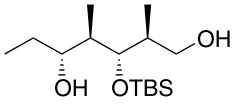
$[\alpha]_D^{22} = -7.4$ (*c* 2.19, C_6H_6)

Source of chirality: enzymatic desymmetrization

Absolute configuration: 2*S*,3*S*,4*R*,5*S*

Robert Chênevert,* Gabriel Courchesne and Dave Caron

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2567*



$C_{15}H_{34}O_3Si$

(2*S*,3*S*,4*R*,5*R*)-3-(*tert*-Butyldimethylsiloxy)-2,4-dimethyl-1,5-heptanediol

Ee = 97%

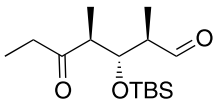
$[\alpha]_D^{22} = -2.5$ (*c* 1.90, C_6H_6)

Source of chirality: enzymatic desymmetrization

Absolute configuration: 2*S*,3*S*,4*R*,5*R*

Robert Chênevert,* Gabriel Courchesne and Dave Caron

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2567*



$C_{15}H_{30}O_3Si$

(2*R*,3*S*,4*S*)-3-(*tert*-Butyldimethylsiloxy)-2,4-dimethyl-5-oxoheptanal

Ee = 97%

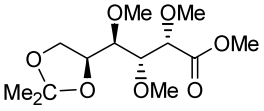
$[\alpha]_D^{22} = -5.9$ (*c* 2.47, C_6H_6)

Source of chirality: enzymatic desymmetrization

Absolute configuration: 2*R*,3*S*,4*S*

Carmen L. Romero Zaliz and Oscar Varela*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2579*



$C_{13}H_{24}O_7$

Methyl 5,6-*O*-isopropylidene-2,3,4-tri-*O*-methyl-L-galactonate

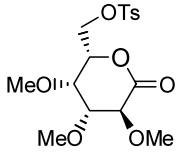
Ee = 100%

$[\alpha]_D = +10.2$ (*c* 1.0, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: L-galactono-1,4-lactone

Carmen L. Romero Zaliz and Oscar Varela*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2579*



$C_{16}H_{22}O_8S$

2,3,4-Tri-*O*-methyl-6-*O*-tosyl-L-galactono-1,5-lactone

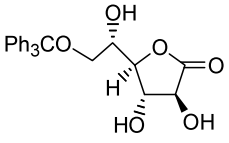
Ee = 100%

$[\alpha]_D = -32.7$ (*c* 0.8, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: L-galactono-1,4-lactone

Carmen L. Romero Zaliz and Oscar Varela*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2579*



$C_{25}H_{24}O_6$

6-*O*-Trityl-L-galactono-1,4-lactone

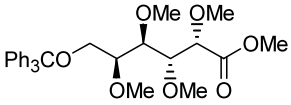
Ee = 100%

$[\alpha]_D = -22.4$ (*c* 1.2, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: L-galactono-1,4-lactone

Carmen L. Romero Zaliz and Oscar Varela*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2579*



$C_{30}H_{36}O_7$

Methyl 2,3,4,5-tetra-*O*-methyl-6-*O*-trityl-L-galactonate

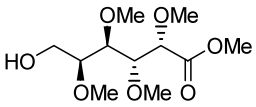
Ee = 100%

$[\alpha]_D = -5.1$ (*c* 1.0, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: L-galactono-1,4-lactone

Carmen L. Romero Zaliz and Oscar Varela*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2579*



$C_{11}H_{22}O_7$

Methyl 2,3,4,5-tetra-*O*-methyl-L-galactonate

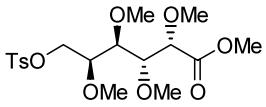
Ee = 100%

$[\alpha]_D = -10.5$ (*c* 0.9, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: L-galactono-1,4-lactone

Carmen L. Romero Zaliz and Oscar Varela*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2579*



$C_{18}H_{28}O_9S$

Methyl 2,3,4,5-tetra-*O*-methyl-6-*O*-tosyl-L-galactonate

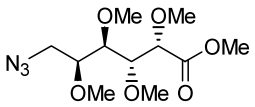
Ee = 100%

$[\alpha]_D = -14.3$ (*c* 0.8, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: L-galactono-1,4-lactone

Carmen L. Romero Zaliz and Oscar Varela*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2579*



$C_{11}H_{21}O_6N_3$

Methyl 6-azido-6-deoxy-2,3,4,5-tetra-*O*-methyl-L-galactonate

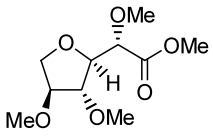
Ee = 100%

$[\alpha]_D = +4.3$ (*c* 1.4, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: L-galactono-1,4-lactone

Carmen L. Romero Zaliz and Oscar Varela*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2579*



$C_{10}H_{18}O_6$

Methyl 3,6-anhydro-2,4,5-tri-*O*-methyl-L-galactonate

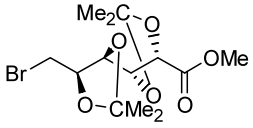
Ee = 100%

$[\alpha]_D = -50.8$ (*c* 0.7, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: L-galactono-1,4-lactone

Carmen L. Romero Zaliz and Oscar Varela*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2579*



$C_{13}H_{21}O_6Br$

Methyl 6-bromo-6-deoxy-2,3:4,5-di-*O*-isopropylidene-L-galactonate

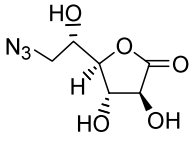
Ee = 100%

$[\alpha]_D = +7.6$ (*c* 1.0, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: L-galactono-1,4-lactone

Carmen L. Romero Zaliz and Oscar Varela*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2579*



$C_6H_9O_5N_3$

6-Azido-6-deoxy-L-galactono-1,4-lactone

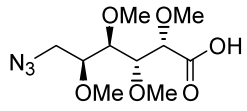
Ee = 100%

$[\alpha]_D = +65.1$ (*c* 0.8, EtOAc)

Source of chirality: L-galactono-1,4-lactone

Carmen L. Romero Zaliz and Oscar Varela*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2579*



$C_{10}H_{19}O_6N_3$

6-Azido-6-deoxy-2,3,4,5-tetra-*O*-methyl-L-galactonic acid

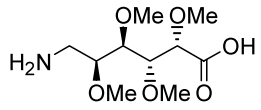
Ee = 100%

$[\alpha]_D = +7.6$ (*c* 0.7, MeOH)

Source of chirality: L-galactono-1,4-lactone

Carmen L. Romero Zaliz and Oscar Varela*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2579*



$C_{10}H_{21}O_6N$

6-Amino-6-deoxy-2,3,4,5-tetra-*O*-methyl-L-galactonic acid

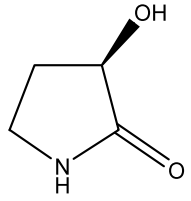
Ee = 100%

$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -20.6$ (*c* 0.8, H_2O)

Source of chirality: L-galactono-1,4-lactone

Ahmed Kamal,* K. Venkata Ramana, A. Venkata Ramana and A. Hari Babu

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2587*



$C_4H_7NO_2$

(*R*)-3-Hydroxy-2-Pyrrolidinone

E.e. >99% [by chiral HPLC]

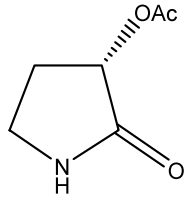
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +120.0$ (*c* 1 $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: enzymatic acetylation

Absolute configuration: *R*

Ahmed Kamal,* K. Venkata Ramana, A. Venkata Ramana and A. Hari Babu

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2587*



$C_6H_9NO_3$

(*S*)-3-Acetoxy-2-pyrrolidinone

E.e. >99% [by chiral HPLC]

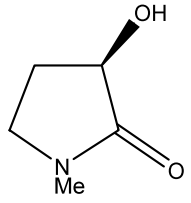
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -30.4$ (*c* 1 $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: enzymatic acetylation

Absolute configuration: S

Ahmed Kamal,* K. Venkata Ramana, A. Venkata Ramana and A. Hari Babu

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2587*



$C_5H_9NO_2$

(*R*)-3-Hydroxy-1-methyl-2-pyrrolidinone

E.e. = 98% [by chiral HPLC]

$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +126.5$ (*c* 1 $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: enzymatic acetylation

Absolute configuration: *R*

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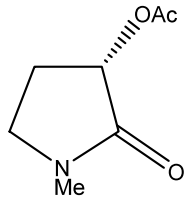
Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2587*



$C_7H_{11}NO_3$

(*S*)-3-Acetoxy-1-methyl-2-pyrrolidinone

E.e. = 95% [by chiral HPLC]

$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -31.0$ (*c* 1 $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: enzymatic acetylation

Absolute configuration: *S*

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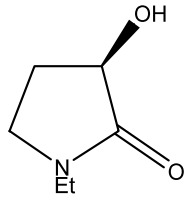
Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2587*



$C_6H_{11}NO_2$

(*R*)-3-Hydroxy-1-ethyl-2-Pyrrolidinone

E.e. = 97% [by chiral HPLC]

$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +131.0$ (*c* 1 $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: enzymatic acetylation

Absolute configuration: *R*

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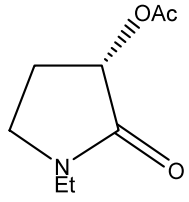
Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2587*



$C_8H_{13}NO_3$

(*S*)-3-Acetoxy-1-ethyl-2-pyrrolidinone

E.e. >99% [by chiral HPLC]

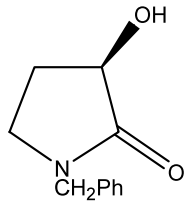
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -25.2$ (*c* 1 $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: enzymatic acetylation

Absolute configuration: *S*

Ahmed Kamal,* K. Venkata Ramana, A. Venkata Ramana and A. Hari Babu

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2587*



$C_{11}H_{13}NO_2$

(*R*)-3-Hydroxy-1-benzyl-2-pyrrolidinone

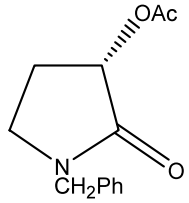
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +32.5$ (*c* 1 $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: enzymatic acetylation

Absolute configuration: *R*

Ahmed Kamal,* K. Venkata Ramana, A. Venkata Ramana and A. Hari Babu

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2587*



$C_{13}H_{15}NO_3$

(*S*)-3-Acetoxy-1-benzyl-2-pyrrolidinone

E.e. = 45% [by chiral HPLC]

$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -51.2$ (*c* 1 $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: enzymatic acetylation

Absolute configuration: *S*

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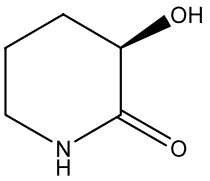
Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2587*



$C_5H_9NO_2$

(*R*)-3-Hydroxy-2-piperidinone

E.e. >99% [by chiral HPLC]

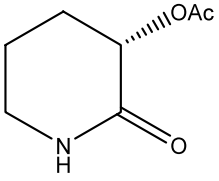
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +6.0$ (*c* 1 $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: enzymatic acetylation

Absolute configuration: *R*

Ahmed Kamal,* K. Venkata Ramana, A. Venkata Ramana and A. Hari Babu

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2587*



$C_7H_{11}NO_3$

(*S*)-3-Acetoxy-2-piperidinone

E.e. = 90% [by chiral HPLC]

$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -1.5$ (*c* 1 $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: enzymatic acetylation

Absolute configuration: *S*

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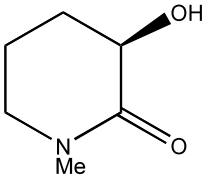
Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2587*



$C_6H_{11}NO_2$

(*R*)-3-Hydroxy-1-methyl-2-piperidinone

Source of chirality: enzymatic acetylation

Absolute configuration: *R*

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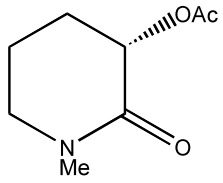
Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2587*



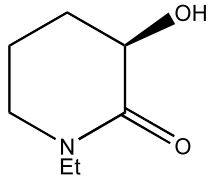
$C_8H_{13}NO_3$

(*S*)-3-Acetoxy-1-methyl-2-piperidinone

E.e. = 98% [by chiral HPLC]
Source of chirality: enzymatic acetylation
Absolute configuration: *S*

Ahmed Kamal,* K. Venkata Ramana, A. Venkata Ramana and A. Hari Babu

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2587*



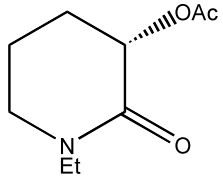
$C_7H_{13}NO_2$

(*R*)-3-Hydroxy-1-ethyl-2-piperidinone

Source of chirality: enzymatic acetylation
Absolute configuration: *R*

Ahmed Kamal,* K. Venkata Ramana, A. Venkata Ramana and A. Hari Babu

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2587*



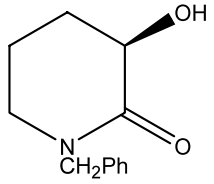
$C_9H_{15}NO_3$

(*S*)-3-Acetoxy-1-ethyl-2-piperidinone

E.e. = 96% [by chiral HPLC]
Source of chirality: enzymatic acetylation
Absolute configuration: *S*

Ahmed Kamal,* K. Venkata Ramana, A. Venkata Ramana and A. Hari Babu

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2587*



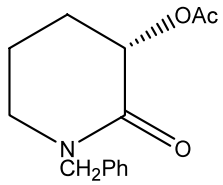
$C_{12}H_{15}NO_2$

(*R*)-3-Hydroxy-1-benzyl-2-piperidinone

E.e. >99% [by chiral HPLC]
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +12.0$ (*c* 1 $CHCl_3$)
Source of chirality: enzymatic acetylation
Absolute configuration: *R*

Ahmed Kamal,* K. Venkata Ramana, A. Venkata Ramana and A. Hari Babu

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2587*



$C_{14}H_{17}NO_3$

(*S*)-3-Acetoxy-1-benzyl-2-piperidinone

E.e. >99% [by chiral HPLC]

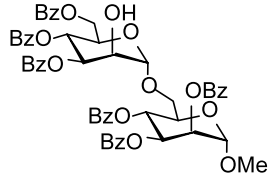
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -10.0$ (*c* 1 $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: enzymatic acetylation

Absolute configuration: *S*

Zuchao Ma, Jianjun Zhang and Fanzuo Kong*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2595*



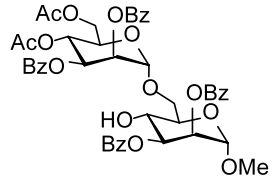
$C_{55}H_{48}O_{17}$

Methyl 3,4,6-tri-*O*-benzoyl-α-D-mannopyranosyl-(1→6)-2,3,4-tri-*O*-benzoyl-α-D-mannopyranoside

$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -37.6$ (*c* 1.0, $CHCl_3$)

Zuchao Ma, Jianjun Zhang and Fanzuo Kong*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2595*



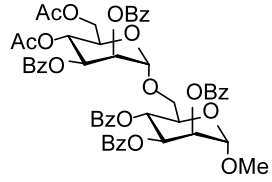
$C_{45}H_{44}O_{17}$

Methyl 4,6-di-*O*-acetyl-2,3-di-*O*-benzoyl-α-D-mannopyranosyl-(1→6)-2,3-di-*O*-benzoyl-α-D-mannopyranoside

$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -28.5$ (*c* 1.0, $CHCl_3$)

Zuchao Ma, Jianjun Zhang and Fanzuo Kong*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2595*



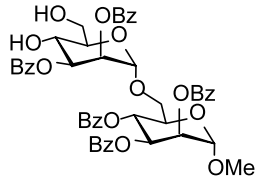
$C_{52}H_{48}O_{18}$

Methyl 4,6-di-*O*-acetyl-2,3-di-*O*-benzoyl-α-D-mannopyranosyl-(1→6)-2,3,4-tri-*O*-benzoyl-α-D-mannopyranoside

$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -98.7$ (*c* 1.0, $CHCl_3$)

Zuchao Ma, Jianjun Zhang and Fanzuo Kong*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2595*



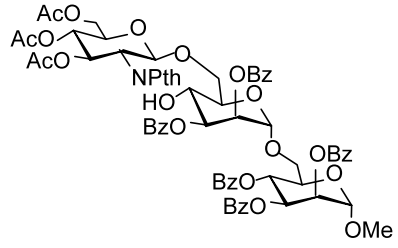
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -80.7$ (c 1.0, $CHCl_3$)

$C_{48}H_{44}O_{16}$

Methyl 2,3-di-*O*-benzoyl-α-D-mannopyranosyl-(1→6)-2,3,4-tri-*O*-benzoyl-α-D-mannopyranoside

Zuchao Ma, Jianjun Zhang and Fanzuo Kong*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2595*



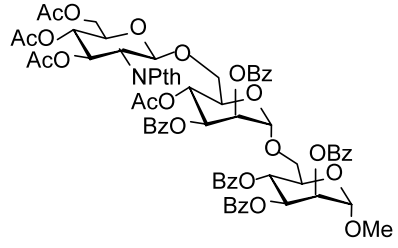
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -51.5$ (c 1.0, $CHCl_3$)

$C_{68}H_{63}NO_{25}$

Methyl 3,4,6-tri-*O*-acetyl-2-deoxy-2-phthalimido-β-D-glucopyranosyl-(1→6)-2,3-di-*O*-benzoyl-α-D-mannopyranosyl-(1→6)-2,3,4-tri-*O*-benzoyl-α-D-mannopyranoside

Zuchao Ma, Jianjun Zhang and Fanzuo Kong*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2595*



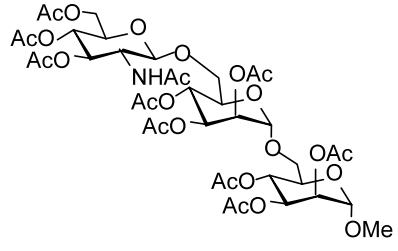
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -62.7$ (c 1.0, $CHCl_3$)

$C_{70}H_{65}NO_{26}$

Methyl 3,4,6-tri-*O*-acetyl-2-deoxy-2-phthalimido-β-D-glucopyranosyl-(1→6)-4-*O*-acetyl-2,3-di-*O*-benzoyl-α-D-mannopyranosyl-(1→6)-2,3,4-tri-*O*-benzoyl-α-D-mannopyranoside

Zuchao Ma, Jianjun Zhang and Fanzuo Kong*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2595*



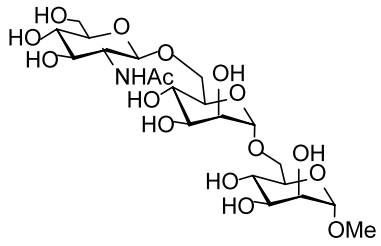
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +43.6$ (c 1.0, $CHCl_3$)

$C_{39}H_{55}NO_{25}$

Methyl 2-acetamido-3,4,6-tri-*O*-acetyl-2-deoxy-β-D-glucopyranosyl-(1→6)-2,3,4-tri-*O*-acetyl-α-D-mannopyranosyl-(1→6)-2,3,4-tri-*O*-acetyl-α-D-mannopyranoside

Zuchao Ma, Jianjun Zhang and Fanzuo Kong*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2595*



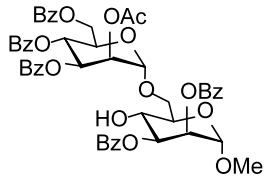
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +36.2$ (c 1.3, H_2O)

$C_{21}H_{37}NO_{16}$

Methyl 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-β-D-glucopyranosyl-(1→6)-α-D-mannopyranosyl-(1→6)-α-D-mannopyranoside

Zuchao Ma, Jianjun Zhang and Fanzuo Kong*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2595*



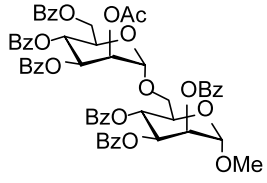
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +7.0$ (c 1.0, $CHCl_3$)

$C_{50}H_{46}O_{17}$

Methyl 2-*O*-acetyl-3,4,6-tri-*O*-benzoyl-α-D-mannopyranosyl-(1→6)-2,3-di-*O*-benzoyl-α-D-mannopyranoside

Zuchao Ma, Jianjun Zhang and Fanzuo Kong*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2595*



$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -27.7$ (c 1.0, $CHCl_3$)

$C_{57}H_{50}O_{18}$

Methyl 2-*O*-acetyl-3,4,6-tri-*O*-benzoyl-α-D-mannopyranosyl-(1→6)-2,3,4-tri-*O*-benzoyl-α-D-mannopyranoside

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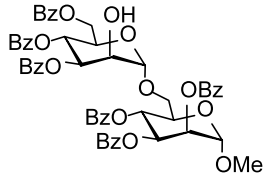
Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2595*



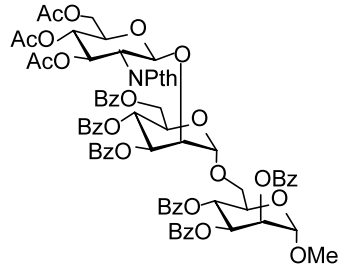
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -37.6$ (c 1.0, $CHCl_3$)

$C_{55}H_{48}O_{17}$

Methyl 3,4,6-tri-*O*-benzoyl-α-D-mannopyranosyl-(1→6)-2,3,4-tri-*O*-benzoyl-α-D-mannopyranoside

Zuchao Ma, Jianjun Zhang and Fanzuo Kong*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2595*



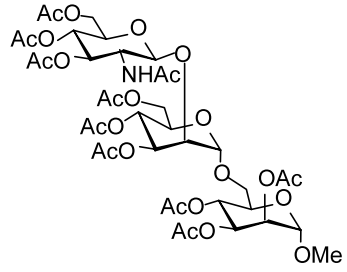
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -42.2$ (c 0.5, $CHCl_3$)

$C_{75}H_{67}NO_{26}$

Methyl 3,4,6-tri-*O*-acetyl-2-deoxy-2-phthalimido-β-D-glucopyranosyl-(1→2)-3,4,6-tri-*O*-benzoyl-α-D-mannopyranosyl-(1→6)-2,3,4-tri-*O*-benzoyl-α-D-mannopyranoside

Zuchao Ma, Jianjun Zhang and Fanzuo Kong*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2595*



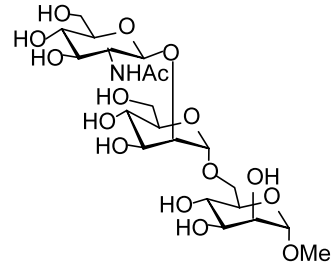
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +25.7$ (c 1.0, $CHCl_3$)

$C_{39}H_{55}NO_{25}$

Methyl 2-acetamido-3,4,6-tri-*O*-acetyl-2-deoxy-β-D-glucopyranosyl-(1→2)-3,4,6-tri-*O*-acetyl-α-D-mannopyranosyl-(1→6)-2,3,4-tri-*O*-acetyl-α-D-mannopyranoside

Zuchao Ma, Jianjun Zhang and Fanzuo Kong*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2595*



$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +42.5$ (c 1.3, H_2O)

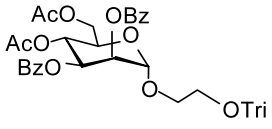
$C_{21}H_{37}NO_{16}$

Methyl 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-β-D-glucopyranosyl-(1→2)-α-D-mannopyranosyl-(1→6)-α-D-mannopyranoside

Zuchao Ma, Jianjun Zhang and Fanzuo Kong*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2595*

$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -45.3$ (c 1.0, $CHCl_3$)



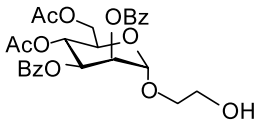
$C_{45}H_{42}O_{11}$

Trityloxyethyl 4,6-di-*O*-acetyl-2,3-di-*O*-benzoyl-α-D-mannopyranoside

Zuchao Ma, Jianjun Zhang and Fanzuo Kong*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2595*

$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -47.5$ (*c* 0.6, $CHCl_3$)



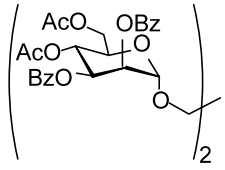
$C_{26}H_{28}O_{11}$

Hydroxyethyl 4,6-di-*O*-acetyl-2,3-di-*O*-benzoyl-α-D-mannopyranoside

Zuchao Ma, Jianjun Zhang and Fanzuo Kong*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2595*

$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -78.0$ (*c* 1.0, $CHCl_3$)



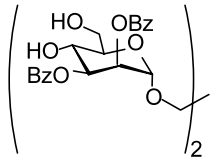
$C_{50}H_{50}O_{20}$

1,2-Di-[4,6-di-*O*-acetyl-2,3-di-*O*-benzoyl-α-D-mannopyranosyloxy]ethane

Zuchao Ma, Jianjun Zhang and Fanzuo Kong*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2595*

$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -79.7$ (*c* 1.5, $CHCl_3$)



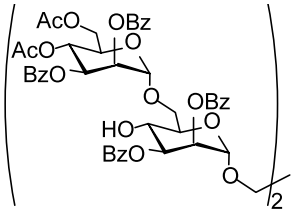
$C_{42}H_{42}O_{16}$

1,2-Di-[2,3-di-*O*-benzoyl-α-D-mannopyranosyloxy]ethane

Zuchao Ma, Jianjun Zhang and Fanzuo Kong*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2595*

$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -54.6$ (*c* 1.0, $CHCl_3$)

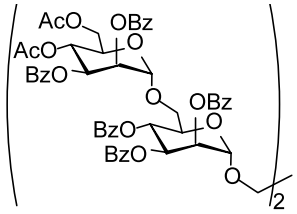


$C_{90}H_{86}O_{34}$

1,2-Di-[4,6-di-*O*-acetyl-2,3-di-*O*-benzoyl-α-D-mannopyranosyl-(1→6)-2,3-di-*O*-benzoyl-α-D-mannopyranosyloxy]ethane

Zuchao Ma, Jianjun Zhang and Fanzuo Kong*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2595*



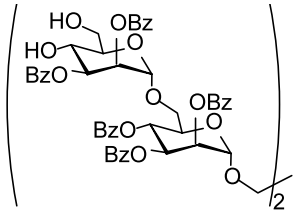
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -84.6$ (*c* 1.0, $CHCl_3$)

$C_{104}H_{94}O_{36}$

1,2-Di-[4,6-di-*O*-acetyl-2,3-di-*O*-benzoyl-α-D-mannopyranosyl-(1→6)-2,3,4-tri-*O*-benzoyl-α-D-mannopyranosyloxy]ethane

Zuchao Ma, Jianjun Zhang and Fanzuo Kong*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2595*



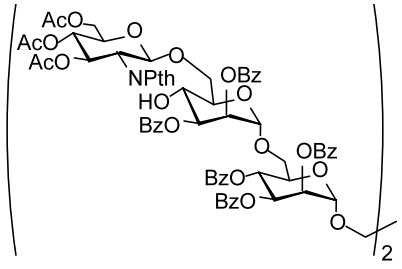
$[\alpha]_D = -108.5$ (*c* 1.0, $CHCl_3$)

$C_{96}H_{86}O_{32}$

1,2-Di-[2,3-di-*O*-benzoyl-α-D-mannopyranosyl-(1→6)-2,3,4-tri-*O*-benzoyl-α-D-mannopyranosyloxy]ethane

Zuchao Ma, Jianjun Zhang and Fanzuo Kong*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2595*



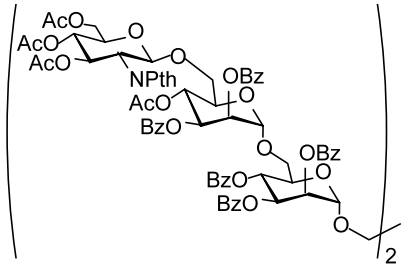
$[\alpha]_D = -45.6$ (*c* 1.0, $CHCl_3$)

$C_{136}H_{124}N_2O_{50}$

1,2-Di-[3,4,6-tri-*O*-acetyl-2-deoxy-2-phthalimido-β-D-glucopyranosyl-(1→6)-2,3-di-*O*-benzoyl-α-D-mannopyranosyl-(1→6)-2,3,4-tri-*O*-benzoyl-α-D-mannopyranosyloxy]ethane

Zuchao Ma, Jianjun Zhang and Fanzuo Kong*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2595*



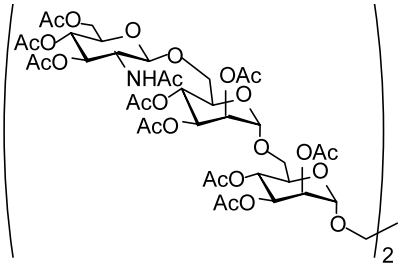
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -58.5$ (*c* 1.3, $CHCl_3$)

$C_{140}H_{128}N_2O_{52}$

1,2-Di-[3,4,6-tri-*O*-acetyl-2-deoxy-2-phthalimido-β-D-glucopyranosyl-(1→6)-4-*O*-acetyl-2,3-di-*O*-benzoyl-α-D-mannopyranosyl-(1→6)-2,3,4-tri-*O*-benzoyl-α-D-mannopyranosyloxy]ethane

Zuchao Ma, Jianjun Zhang and Fanzuo Kong*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2595*



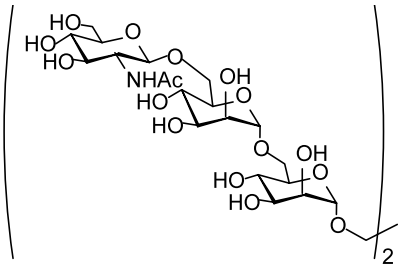
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +96.7$ (c 1.0, $CHCl_3$)

$C_{78}H_{108}N_2O_{50}$

1,2-Di-[2-acetamido-3,4,6-tri-*O*-acetyl-2-deoxy-β-D-glucopyranosyl-(1→6)-2,3,4-tri-*O*-acetyl-α-D-mannopyranosyl-(1→6)-2,3,4-tri-*O*-acetyl-α-D-mannopyranosyloxy]ethane

Zuchao Ma, Jianjun Zhang and Fanzuo Kong*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2595*



$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +91.5$ (c 1.0, H_2O)

$C_{42}H_{72}N_2O_{32}$

1,2-Di-[2-acetamido-2-deoxy-β-D-glucopyranosyl-(1→6)-α-D-mannopyranosyl-(1→6)-α-D-mannopyranosyloxy]ethane

Viktória Bódai, Olivér Orovecz, György Szakács, Lajos Novák and László Poppe*

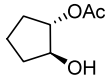
Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2605*

Ee >99% (by GC on HP Chiral column)

$[\alpha]_D^{22} = +29.2$ (c 1.0 in acetonitrile)

Source of chirality: lipase-catalysed kinetic resolution

Absolute configuration: *S*,*S*



$C_7H_{12}O_3$

(*S*,*S*)-2-Acetoxycyclopentan-1-ol

Viktória Bódai, Olivér Orovecz, György Szakács, Lajos Novák and László Poppe*

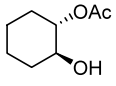
Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2605*

Ee = 97% (by GC on HP Chiral column)

$[\alpha]_D^{22} = +44.3$ (c 1.0 in $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: lipase-catalysed kinetic resolution

Absolute configuration: *S*,*S*

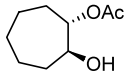


$C_8H_{14}O_3$

(*S*,*S*)-2-Acetoxycyclohexan-1-ol

Viktória Bódai, Olivér Orovecz, György Szakács, Lajos Novák and László Poppe*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2605*



$C_9H_{16}O_3$

(*S*,*S*)-2-Acetoxycycloheptan-1-ol

Ee >99% (by GC on HP Chiral column)

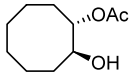
$[\alpha]_D^{22} = +22.9$ (*c* 1.0 in acetonitrile)

Source of chirality: lipase-catalysed kinetic resolution

Absolute configuration: *S*,*S*

Viktória Bódai, Olivér Orovecz, György Szakács, Lajos Novák and László Poppe*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2605*



$C_{10}H_{18}O_3$

(*S*,*S*)-2-Acetoxycyclooctan-1-ol

Ee = 94% (by GC on Beta-DEX 225 chiral column)

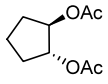
$[\alpha]_D^{22} = +9.1$ (*c* 1.0 in acetonitrile)

Source of chirality: lipase-catalysed kinetic resolution

Absolute configuration: *S*,*S*

Viktória Bódai, Olivér Orovecz, György Szakács, Lajos Novák and László Poppe*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2605*



$C_9H_{14}O_4$

(*R*,*R*)-1,2-Diacetoxycyclopentane

Ee >98%

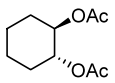
$[\alpha]_D^{22} = -29.7$ (*c* 1.0 in acetonitrile)

Source of chirality: lipase-catalysed kinetic resolution

Absolute configuration: *R*,*R*

Viktória Bódai, Olivér Orovecz, György Szakács, Lajos Novák and László Poppe*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2605*



$C_{10}H_{16}O_4$

(*R*,*R*)-1,2-Diacetoxycyclohexane

Ee >99% (by GC on HP Chiral column)

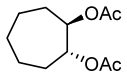
$[\alpha]_D^{22} = -13.7$ (*c* 1.0 in $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: lipase-catalysed kinetic resolution

Absolute configuration: *R*,*R*

Viktória Bódai, Olivér Orovecz, György Szakács, Lajos Novák and László Poppe*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2605*



$C_{10}H_{16}O_4$

(*R*,*R*)-1,2-Diacetoxycycloheptane

Ee >98% (by GC on HP Chiral column)

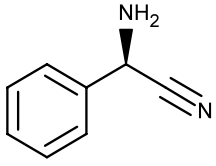
$[\alpha]_D^{22} = -13.1$ (*c* 1.0 in acetonitrile)

Source of chirality: lipase-catalysed kinetic resolution

Absolute configuration: *R*,*R*

Ghermes G. Chilov, Harold M. Moody, Wilhelmus H. J. Boesten and Vytas K. Švedas*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2613*



$C_8H_8N_2$

(*R*)-Phenylglycinonitrile

E.e. = 99% (chiral HPLC)

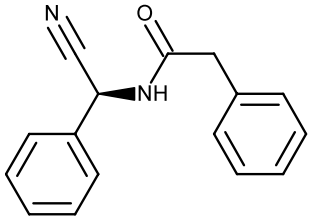
$[\alpha]_D = +51.0$ (*c* 1, 1N HCl)

Source of chirality: enantioselective enzymatic acylation

Absolute configuration: *R* (chiral HPLC)

Ghermes G. Chilov, Harold M. Moody, Wilhelmus H. J. Boesten and Vytas K. Švedas*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2613*



$C_{16}H_{14}N_2O$

N-Phenylacetyl-(*S*)-phenylglycinonitrile

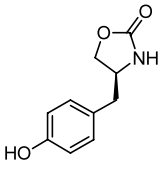
$[\alpha]_D = +17.2$ (*c* 1, MeOH)

Source of chirality: enantioselective enzymatic acylation

Absolute configuration: *S*

Rachel Green, Piers J. M. Taylor, Steven D. Bull,* Tony D. James,* Mary F. Mahon and Andy T. Merritt

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2619*



$C_{10}H_{11}NO_3$

(*S*)-4-(4-Hydroxybenzyl)-oxazolidin-2-one

E.e. >99%

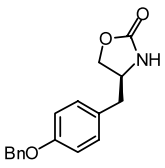
$[\alpha]_D^{21} = -12.3$ (*c* 6.5, MeOH)

Determined via conversion into (*S*)-4-(4-benzyloxybenzyl)-oxazolidin-2-one

Chirality derived from L-tyrosine

Rachel Green, Piers J. M. Taylor, Steven D. Bull,* Tony D. James,* Mary F. Mahon and Andy T. Merritt

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2619*



$C_{17}H_{17}NO_3$

(*S*)-4-(4-Benzyloxy-benzyl)-oxazolidin-2-one

E.e. >99%

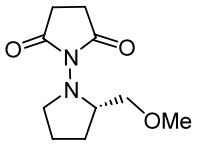
$[\alpha]_D^{21} = -85.1$ (*c* 50.5, EtOAc)

HPLC over ChiralCel OD® stationary phase

Chirality derived from L-tyrosine

Stéphane Lebrun, Axel Couture,* Eric Deniau and Pierre Grandclaudon

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2625*



$C_{10}H_{16}N_2O_3$

(2′*S*)-2′-Methoxymethyl[1,1′]bipyrrolidinyl-2,5-dione

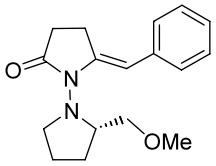
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +5.6$ (*c* 1.36, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: (*S*)-proline

Absolute configuration: 2′*S*

Stéphane Lebrun, Axel Couture,* Eric Deniau and Pierre Grandclaudon

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2625*



$C_{17}H_{22}N_2O_2$

(2′*S*)-5-Benzylidene-2′-methoxymethyl[1,1′]bipyrrolidinyl-2-one

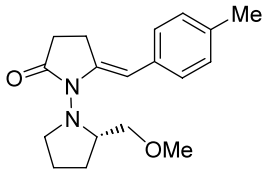
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +15.3$ (*c* 1.37, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: (*S*)-proline

Absolute configuration: 2′*S*

Stéphane Lebrun, Axel Couture,* Eric Deniau and Pierre Grandclaudon

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2625*



$C_{18}H_{24}N_2O_2$

(2′*S*)-2′-Methoxymethyl-5-(4-methylbenzylidene)[1,1′]bipyrrolidinyl-2-one

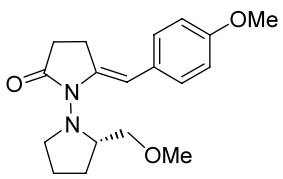
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +14.0$ (*c* 0.32, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: (*S*)-proline

Absolute configuration: 2′*S*

Stéphane Lebrun, Axel Couture,* Eric Deniau and Pierre Grandclaudon

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2625*

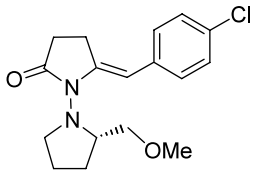


$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +17.7$ (c 0.68, $CHCl_3$)
Source of chirality: (*S*)-proline
Absolute configuration: 2′*S*

$C_{18}H_{24}N_2O_3$
(2′*S*)-5-(4-Methoxybenzylidene)-2′-methoxymethyl[1,1′]bipyrrolidinyl-2-one

Stéphane Lebrun, Axel Couture,* Eric Deniau and Pierre Grandclaudon

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2625*

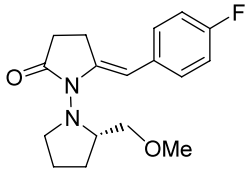


$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +17.8$ (c 0.62, $CHCl_3$)
Source of chirality: (*S*)-proline
Absolute configuration: 2′*S*

$C_{17}H_{21}ClN_2O_2$
(2′*S*)-5-(4-Chlorobenzylidene)-2′-methoxymethyl[1,1′]bipyrrolidinyl-2-one

Stéphane Lebrun, Axel Couture,* Eric Deniau and Pierre Grandclaudon

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2625*

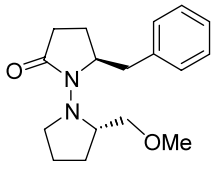


$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +15.6$ (c 0.68, $CHCl_3$)
Source of chirality: (*S*)-proline
Absolute configuration: 2′*S*

$C_{30}H_{39}NO_3$
(2′*S*)-5-(4-Fluorobenzylidene)-2′-methoxymethyl[1,1′]bipyrrolidinyl-2-one

Stéphane Lebrun, Axel Couture,* Eric Deniau and Pierre Grandclaudon

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2625*

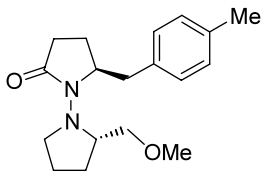


$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -64.4$ (c 0.57, $CHCl_3$)
Source of chirality: (*S*)-proline
Absolute configuration: 2′*S*,5*S*

$C_{17}H_{24}N_2O_2$
(2′*S*,5*S*)-Benzyl-2′-methoxymethyl[1,1′]bipyrrolidinyl-2-one

Stéphane Lebrun, Axel Couture,* Eric Deniau and Pierre Grandclaudon

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2625*



$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -21.1$ (c 0.30, $CHCl_3$)
Source of chirality: (*S*)-proline
Absolute configuration: 2′*S*,5*S*

$C_{18}H_{26}N_2O_2$
(2′*S*,5*S*)-2′-Methoxymethyl-5-(4-methylbenzyl)[1,1′]bipyrrolidinyl-2-one

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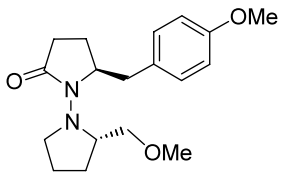
Stéphane Lebrun, Axel Couture,* Eric Deniau and Pierre Grandclaudon

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2625*



$[\alpha]_D^{20} = -38.2$ (c 0.97, $CHCl_3$)
Source of chirality: (*S*)-proline
Absolute configuration: 2′*S*,5*S*

$C_{18}H_{26}N_2O_3$
(2′*S*,5*S*)-5-(4-Methoxybenzyl)-2′-methoxymethyl[1,1′]bipyrrolidinyl-2-one

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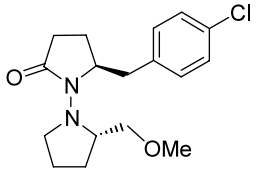
Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2625*



$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -66.6$ (c 1.02, $CHCl_3$)
Source of chirality: (*S*)-proline
Absolute configuration: 2′*S*,5*S*

$C_{17}H_{23}ClN_2O_2$
(2′*S*,5*S*)-5-(4-Chlorobenzyl)-2′-methoxymethyl[1,1′]bipyrrolidinyl-2-one

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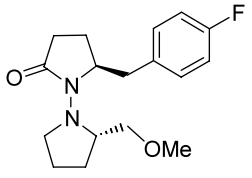
Stéphane Lebrun, Axel Couture,* Eric Deniau and Pierre Grandclaudon

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2625*

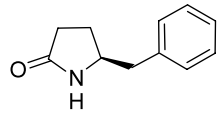


$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -59.7$ (c 1.37, $CHCl_3$)
Source of chirality: (*S*)-proline
Absolute configuration: 2′*S*,5*S*

$C_{17}H_{23}FN_2O_2$
(2′*S*,5*S*)-5-(4-Fluorobenzyl)-2′-methoxymethyl[1,1′]bipyrrolidinyl-2-one

Stéphane Lebrun, Axel Couture,* Eric Deniau and Pierre Grandclaudon

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2625*



$C_{11}H_{13}NO$

(5*S*)-5-Benzylpyrrolidin-2-one

$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -38.5$ (*c* 0.80, EtOH)

Source of chirality: (*S*)-proline

Absolute configuration: 5*S*

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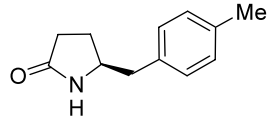
Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2625*



$C_{12}H_{15}NO$

(5*S*)-5-(4-Methylbenzyl)-pyrrolidin-2-one

$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -14.5$ (*c* 1.30, EtOH)

Source of chirality: (*S*)-proline

Absolute configuration: 5*S*

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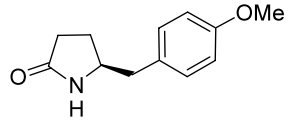
Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2625*



$C_{12}H_{15}NO_2$

(5*S*)-5-(4-Methoxybenzyl)-pyrrolidin-2-one

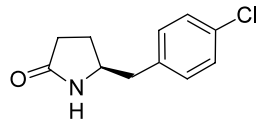
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -30.2$ (*c* 1.10, EtOH)

Source of chirality: (*S*)-proline

Absolute configuration: 5*S*

Stéphane Lebrun, Axel Couture,* Eric Deniau and Pierre Grandclaudon

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2625*



$C_{11}H_{12}ClNO$

(5*S*)-5-(4-Chlorobenzyl)-pyrrolidin-2-one

$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -22.3$ (*c* 0.75, EtOH)

Source of chirality: (*S*)-proline

Absolute configuration: 5*S*

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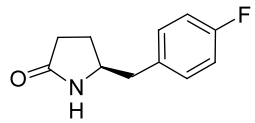
Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2625*



$C_{11}H_{12}FNO$

(5*S*)-5-(4-Fluorobenzyl)-pyrrolidin-2-one

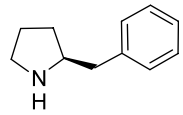
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -40.6$ (*c* 0.50, EtOH)

Source of chirality: (*S*)-proline

Absolute configuration: 5*S*

Stéphane Lebrun, Axel Couture,* Eric Deniau and Pierre Grandclaudon

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2625*



$C_{11}H_{15}N$

(2*S*)-2-Benzylpyrrolidine

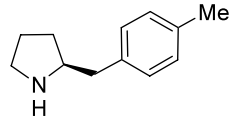
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +19.5$ (*c* 0.40, MeOH)

Source of chirality: (*S*)-proline

Absolute configuration: 2*S*

Stéphane Lebrun, Axel Couture,* Eric Deniau and Pierre Grandclaudon

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2625*



$C_{12}H_{17}N$

(2*S*)-2-(4-Methylbenzyl)-pyrrolidine

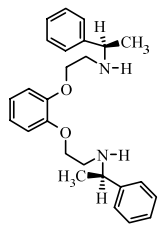
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +12.4$ (*c* 0.32, MeOH)

Source of chirality: (*S*)-proline

Absolute configuration: 2*S*

N. Demirel* and Y. Bulut

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2633*



$C_{26}H_{32}N_2O_2$

(*R*,*R*)-(+)-1,2-Bis-[2-(*N*-phenylethylamino)ethoxy]benzene

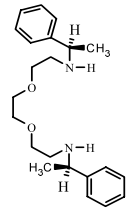
$[\alpha]_D^{20} = +42.6$ (*c* 1, EtOH)

Source of chirality: (*R*)-(+)-1-phenylethyl

Absolute configuration: *R*,*R*

N. Demirel* and Y. Bulut

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2633*



$C_{22}H_{32}N_2O_2$

1,10-Di-(*R*)-(+)-1-phenylethyl-4,7-dioxa-1,10-diazadecane

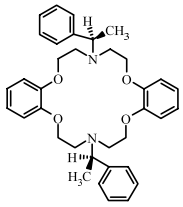
$[\alpha]_D^{20} = +25.5$ (*c* 1, EtOH)

Source of chirality: (*R*)-(+)-1-phenylethyl amine

Absolute configuration: *R*,*R*

N. Demirel* and Y. Bulut

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2633*



$C_{36}H_{42}N_2O_4$

N,*N*′-Di-(*R*)-(+)-1-phenylethyl-7,16-diaza-1,4,10,13-tetraoxa-2,3,11,12-dibenzo-cyclooctadeca-2,11-diene

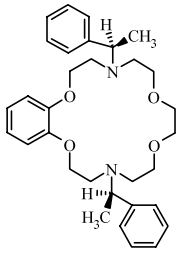
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +23.2$ (*c* 0.05, CH_2Cl_2)

Source of chirality: (*R*)-(+)-1-phenylethyl amine

Absolute configuration: *R*,*R*

N. Demirel* and Y. Bulut

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2633*



$C_{32}H_{42}N_2O_4$

N,*N*′-Di-(*R*)-(+)-1-phenylethyl-7,16-diaza-1,4,10,13-tetraoxa-2,3-benzo-cyclooctadec-2-ene

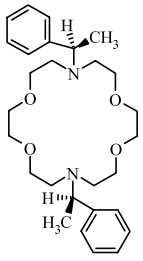
$[\alpha]_D^{20} = +27.4$ (*c* 0.05, CH_2CI_2)

Source of chirality: (*R*)-(+)-1-phenylethyl amine

Absolute configuration: *R*,*R*

N. Demirel* and Y. Bulut

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2633*



$C_{28}H_{42}N_2O_4$

N,*N*′-Di-(*R*)-(+)-1-phenylethyl-1,7,10,16-tetraoxa-4,13-diaza-cyclooctadecane

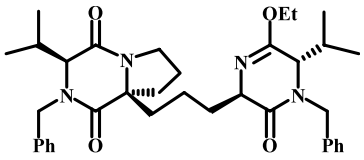
$[\alpha]_D^{20} = +19.2$ (*c* 0.05, CH_2CI_2)

Source of chirality: (*R*)-(+)-1-phenylethyl amine

Absolute configuration: *R*,*R*

R. Galeazzi, M. Garavelli, A. Grandi, M. Monari, G. Porzi* and S. Sandri*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2639*



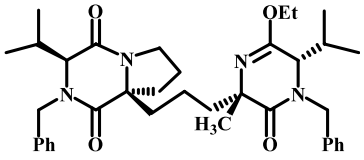
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +44.6$ (c 2.6, $CHCl_3$)
Source of chirality: L-valine
Absolute configuration: 3′*S*,6′*R*,3″*S*,6″*R*

$C_{36}H_{48}N_4O_4$

1-[(3′*S*,6′*R*)-4′-Benzyl-2′,5′-diketo-3′-isopropyl-1′,4′-diazabicyclo[4,3,0]-6′-nonyl-3-[(3″*S*,6″*R*)-4″-benzyl-2″-ethoxy-3″,6″-dihydro-3″-isopropyl-5″-pirazinon-6″yl]propane

R. Galeazzi, M. Garavelli, A. Grandi, M. Monari, G. Porzi* and S. Sandri*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2639*



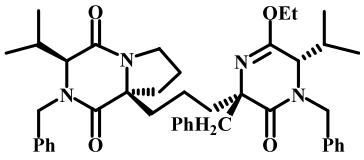
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -27.6$ (c 0.7, $CHCl_3$)
Source of chirality: L-valine
Absolute configuration: 3′*S*,6′*R*,3″*S*,6″*S*

$C_{37}H_{50}N_4O_4$

1-[(3′*S*,6′*R*)-4′-Benzyl-2′,5′-diketo-3′-isopropyl-1′,4′-diazabicyclo[4,3,0]-6′-nonyl-3-[(3″*S*,6″*S*)-4″-benzyl-2″-ethoxy-3″-hydro-6″-methyl-3″-isopropyl-5″-pirazinon-6″yl]propane

R. Galeazzi, M. Garavelli, A. Grandi, M. Monari, G. Porzi* and S. Sandri*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2639*



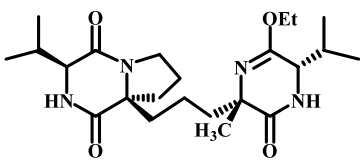
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -40.2$ (c 1, $CHCl_3$)
Source of chirality: L-valine
Absolute configuration: 3′*S*,6′*R*,3″*S*,6″*R*

$C_{43}H_{54}N_4O_4$

1-[(3′*S*,6′*R*)-4′-Benzyl-2′,5′-diketo-3′-isopropyl-1′,4′-diazabicyclo[4,3,0]-6′-nonyl-3-[(3″*S*,6″*R*)-4′,6″-dibenzyl-2″-ethoxy-3″-hydro-3″-isopropyl-5″-pirazinon-6″-yl]propane

R. Galeazzi, M. Garavelli, A. Grandi, M. Monari, G. Porzi* and S. Sandri*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2639*



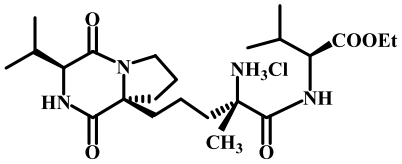
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +12.7$ (c 1.2, $CHCl_3$)
Source of chirality: L-valine
Absolute configuration: 3′*S*,6′*R*,3″*S*,6″*S*

$C_{23}H_{38}N_4O_4$

1-[(3′*S*,6′*R*)-2′,5′-Diketo-3′-isopropyl-1′,4′-diazabicyclo[4,3,0]-6′-nonyl-3-[(3″*S*,6″*S*)-2″-ethoxy-3″-dihydro-3″-isopropyl-6″-methyl-5″-pirazinon-6″yl]propane

R. Galeazzi, M. Garavelli, A. Grandi, M. Monari, G. Porzi* and S. Sandri*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2639*



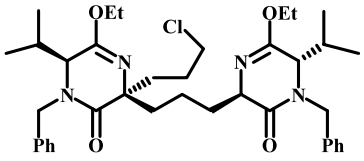
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +10$ (c 1.4, $CHCl_3$)
Source of chirality: L-valine
Absolute configuration:3′*S*,6′*R*,2*S*,5*S*

$C_{23}H_{41}N_4O_5Cl$

8-[(3′*S*,6′*R*)-2′,5′-Diketo-3′-isopropyl-1′,4′-diazabicyclo[4,3,0]non-6′-yl]-(2*S*,5*S*)-3-aza-5-amino-4-keto-2-isopropyl-5-methylethyloctanoate hydrochloride

R. Galeazzi, M. Garavelli, A. Grandi, M. Monari, G. Porzi* and S. Sandri*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2639*



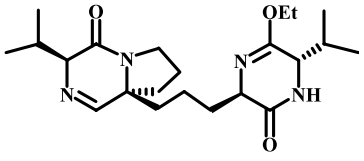
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +2.8$ (c 0.7, $CHCl_3$)
Source of chirality: L-valine
Absolute configuration: 3′*R*,6′*S*,3″*R*,6″*S*

$C_{38}H_{53}N_4O_4Cl$

1-[(3′*R*,6′*S*)-1′-Benzyl-3′-(3-chloropropyl)-6′-hydro-5′-ethoxy-6′-isopropyl-2-pirazinon-3′-yl]-3-[(3″*R*,6″*S*)-1″-benzyl-3″,6″-dihydro-5″-ethoxy-6″-isopropyl-2″-pirazinon-3″-yl]propane

R. Galeazzi, M. Garavelli, A. Grandi, M. Monari, G. Porzi* and S. Sandri*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2639*



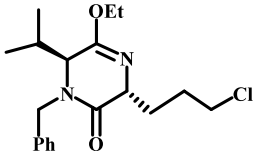
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +78.6$ (c 0.9, $CHCl_3$)
Source of chirality: L-valine
Absolute configuration: 3′*S*,6′*R*,3″*S*,6″*R*

$C_{22}H_{36}N_4O_3$

1-[(3′*S*,6′*R*)-2′-Keto-3′-isopropyl-1′,4′-diazabicyclo[4,3,0]-4′-nonen-6′-yl]-3-[(3″*S*,6″*R*)-2″-ethoxy-3″,6″-dihydro-3″-isopropyl-5″-pirazinon-6″-yl]-propane

R. Galeazzi, M. Garavelli, A. Grandi, M. Monari, G. Porzi* and S. Sandri*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2639*



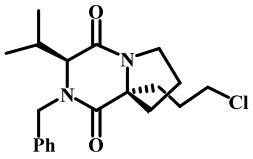
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +50.5$ (c 2.0, $CHCl_3$)
Source of chirality: L-valine
Absolute configuration: 3*R*,6*S*

$C_{19}H_{27}N_2O_2Cl$

(3*R*,6*S*)-1-Benzyl-5-ethoxy-6-isopropyl-3-(3-chloropropyl)-6-hydro-2-pirazinone

R. Galeazzi, M. Garavelli, A. Grandi, M. Monari, G. Porzi* and S. Sandri*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2639*



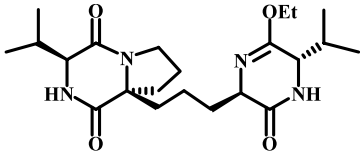
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -55.3$ (c 1.5, $CHCl_3$)
Source of chirality: L-valine
Absolute configuration: 3*S*,6*R*

$C_{20}H_{27}N_2O_2Cl$

(3*S*,6*R*)-4-Benzyl-2,5-diketo-3-isopropyl-6-(3-chloropropyl)-1,4-diazabicyclo[4,3,0]nonane

R. Galeazzi, M. Garavelli, A. Grandi, M. Monari, G. Porzi* and S. Sandri*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2639*



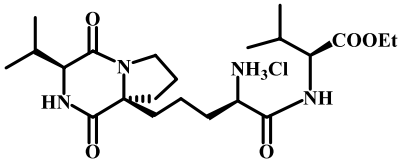
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +130.3$ (c 1.1, $CHCl_3$)
Source of chirality: L-valine
Absolute configuration: 3′*S*,6′*R*,3″*S*,6″*R*

$C_{22}H_{36}N_4O_4$

1-[(3′*S*,6′*R*)-2′,5′-Diketo-3′-isopropyl-1′,4′-diazabicyclo[4,3,0]-6′-nonyl]-3-[(3″*S*,6″*R*)-2″-ethoxy-3″,6″-dihydro-3″-isopropyl-5″-pirazinon-6″-yl]-propane

R. Galeazzi, M. Garavelli, A. Grandi, M. Monari, G. Porzi* and S. Sandri*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2639*



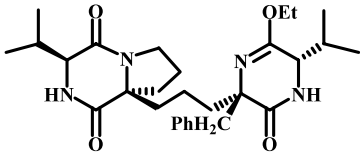
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -24$ (c 0.8, 1N HCl)
Source of chirality: L-valine
Absolute configuration:3′*S*,6′*R*,2*S*,5*R*

$C_{22}H_{39}N_4O_5Cl$

8-[(3′*S*,6′*R*)-2′,5′-Diketo-3′-isopropyl-1′,4′-diazabicyclo[4,3,0]non-6′-yl]-(2*S*,5*R*)-3-aza-5-amino-4-keto-2-isopropylethyloctanoate hydrochloride

R. Galeazzi, M. Garavelli, A. Grandi, M. Monari, G. Porzi* and S. Sandri*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2639*



$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -25.2$ (c 1, $CHCl_3$)
Source of chirality: L-valine
Absolute configuration: 3′*S*,6′*R*,3″*S*,6″*R*

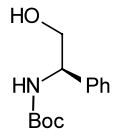
$C_{29}H_{42}N_4O_4$

1-[(3′*S*,6′*R*)-2′,5′-Diketo-3′-isopropyl-1′,4′-diazabicyclo[4,3,0]-6′-nonyl]-3-[(3″*S*,6″*R*)-6″-benzyl-2″-ethoxy-3″,6″-dihydro-3″-isopropyl-5″-pirazinon-6″-yl]propane

Marcello Tiecco,* Lorenzo Testaferri, Francesca Marini,
Silvia Sternativo, Claudio Santi, Luana Bagnoli and Andrea Temperini

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2651*

$[\alpha]_D^{24} = -39.2$ (*c* 3.05, $CHCl_3$)
Source of chirality: (*R*)-phenylglycinol
Absolute configuration: *R*



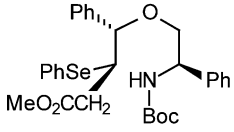
$C_{13}H_{19}NO_3$

tert-Butyl (1*R*)-2-hydroxy-1-phenylethylcarbamate

Marcello Tiecco,* Lorenzo Testaferri, Francesca Marini,
Silvia Sternativo, Claudio Santi, Luana Bagnoli and Andrea Temperini

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2651*

$[\alpha]_D^{22} = +18.8$ (*c* 1.60, $CHCl_3$)
Source of chirality: (*R*)-phenylglycinol
Absolute configuration: 2*R*,3*R*,4*S*



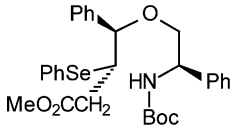
$C_{30}H_{35}NO_5Se$

Methyl (3*R*,4*S*)-4-({(2*R*)-2-[(*tert*-butoxycarbonyl)amino]-2-phenylethyl}oxy)-4-phenyl-3-(phenylseleno)butanoate

Marcello Tiecco,* Lorenzo Testaferri, Francesca Marini,
Silvia Sternativo, Claudio Santi, Luana Bagnoli and Andrea Temperini

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2651*

$[\alpha]_D^{27} = -37.7$ (*c* 2.75, $CHCl_3$)
Source of chirality: (*R*)-phenylglycinol
Absolute configuration: 2*R*,3*S*,4*R*



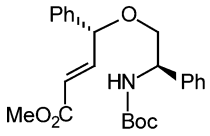
$C_{30}H_{35}NO_5Se$

Methyl (3*S*,4*R*)-4-({(2*R*)-2-[(*tert*-butoxycarbonyl)amino]-2-phenylethyl}oxy)-4-phenyl-3-(phenylseleno)butanoate

Marcello Tiecco,* Lorenzo Testaferri, Francesca Marini,
Silvia Sternativo, Claudio Santi, Luana Bagnoli and Andrea Temperini

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2651*

$[\alpha]_D^{22} = +16.3$ (*c* 1.58, $CHCl_3$)
Source of chirality: (*R*)-phenylglycinol
Absolute configuration: 2*R*,4*R*

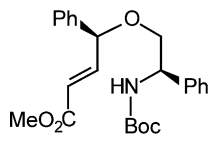


$C_{24}H_{29}NO_5$

Methyl (2*E*,4*R*)-4-({(2*R*)-2-[(*tert*-butoxycarbonyl)amino]-2-phenylethyl}oxy)-4-phenylbut-2-enoate

Marcello Tiecco,* Lorenzo Testaferri, Francesca Marini, Silvia Sternativo, Claudio Santi, Luana Bagnoli and Andrea Temperini

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2651*



$[\alpha]_D^{26} = -58.4$ (*c* 3.48, $CHCl_3$)
Source of chirality: (*R*)-phenylglycinol
Absolute configuration: 2*R*,4*S*

$C_{24}H_{29}NO_5$

Methyl (2*E*,4*S*)-4-({(2*R*)-2-[(*tert*-butoxycarbonyl)amino]-2-phenylethyl}oxy)-4-phenylbut-2-enoate

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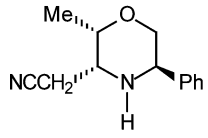
Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2651*



$[\alpha]_D^{30} = +20.7$ (*c* 0.61, $CHCl_3$)
Source of chirality: (*R*)-phenylglycinol
Absolute configuration: 2*S*,3*R*,5*R*

$C_{13}H_{16}N_2O$

[(2*S*,3*R*,5*R*)-2-Methyl-5-phenylmorpholin-3-yl]acetonitrile

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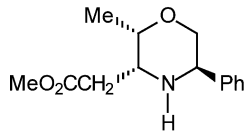
Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2651*



$[\alpha]_D^{33} = -7.4$ (*c* 0.60, $CHCl_3$)
Source of chirality: (*R*)-phenylglycinol
Absolute configuration: 2*S*,3*R*,5*R*

$C_{14}H_{19}NO_3$

Methyl [(2*S*,3*R*,5*R*)-2-methyl-5-phenylmorpholin-3-yl]acetate

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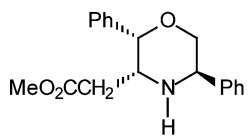
Marcello Tiecco,* Lorenzo Testaferri, Francesca Marini, Silvia Sternativo, Claudio Santi, Luana Bagnoli and Andrea Temperini

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2651*



$[\alpha]_D^{27} = -3.81$ (*c* 0.83, $CHCl_3$)
Source of chirality: (*R*)-phenylglycinol
Absolute configuration: 2*S*,3*R*,5*R*

$C_{19}H_{21}NO_3$

Methyl [(2*S*,3*R*,5*R*)-2,5-diphenylmorpholin-3-yl]acetate

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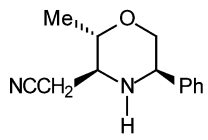
Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2651*



$C_{13}H_{16}N_2O$

[(2*S*,3*S*,5*R*)-2-Methyl-5-phenylmorpholin-3-yl]acetonitrile

$[\alpha]_D^{31} = -32.2$ (*c* 0.60, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: (*R*)-phenylglycinol

Absolute configuration: 2*S*,3*S*,5*R*

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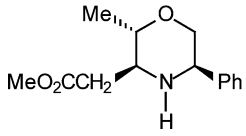
Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2651*



$C_{14}H_{19}NO_3$

Methyl [(2*S*,3*S*,5*R*)-2-methyl-5-phenylmorpholin-3-yl]acetate

$[\alpha]_D^{29} = -65.6$ (*c* 0.60, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: (*R*)-phenylglycinol

Absolute configuration: 2*S*,3*S*,5*R*

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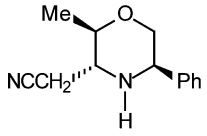
Tetrahedron: Asymmetry *14 (2003) 2651*



$C_{13}H_{16}N_2O$

[(2*R*,3*R*,5*R*)-2-Methyl-5-phenylmorpholin-3-yl]acetonitrile

$[\alpha]_D^{32} = -14.1$ (*c* 0.53, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: (*R*)-phenylglycinol

Absolute configuration: 2*R*,3*R*,5*R*